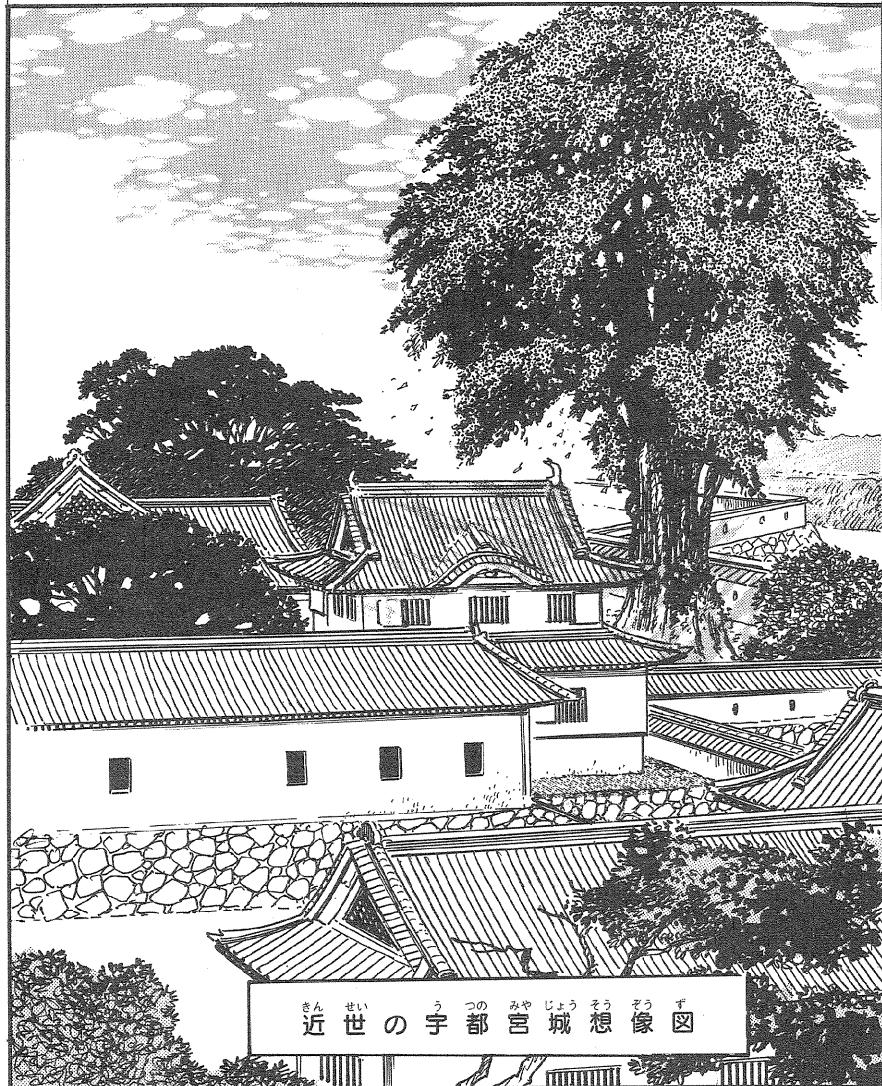
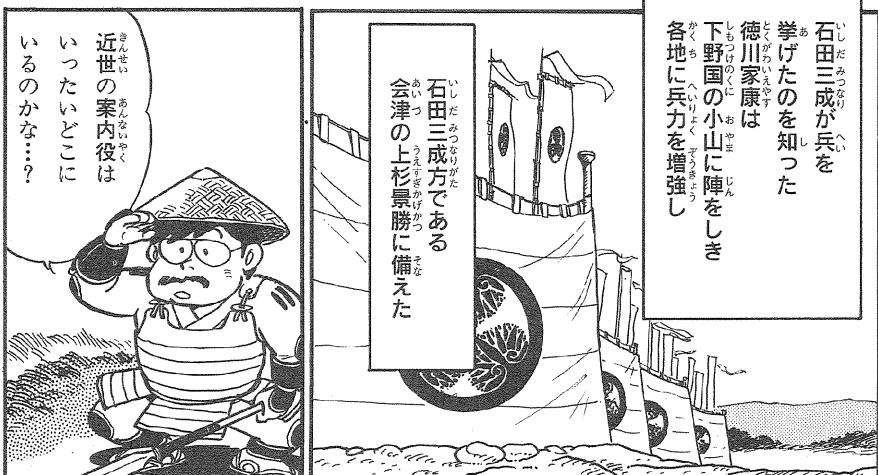
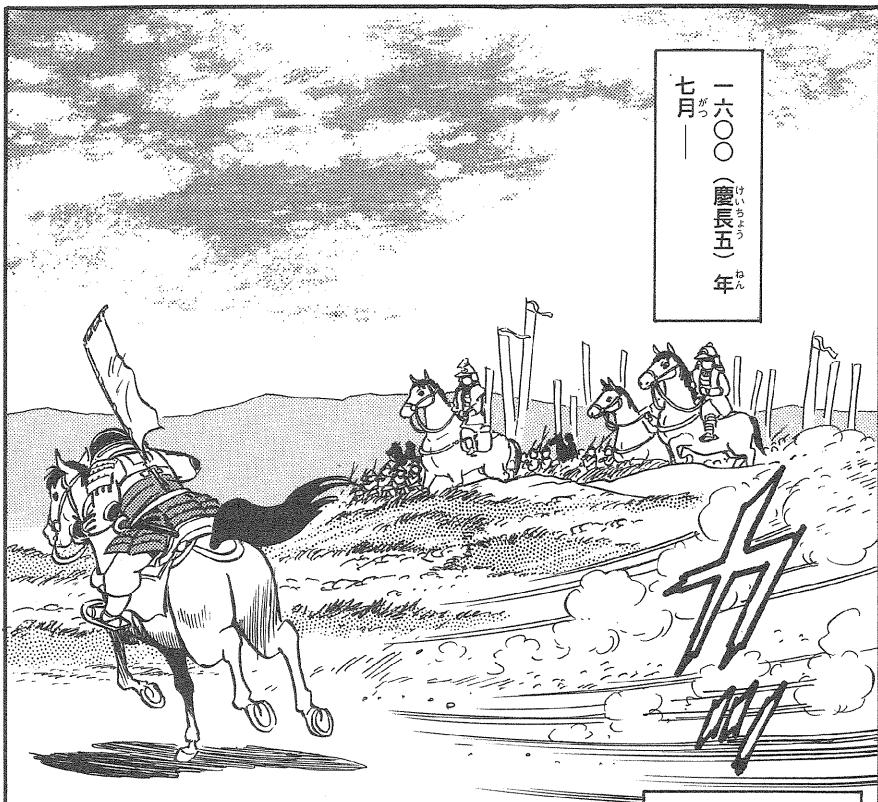
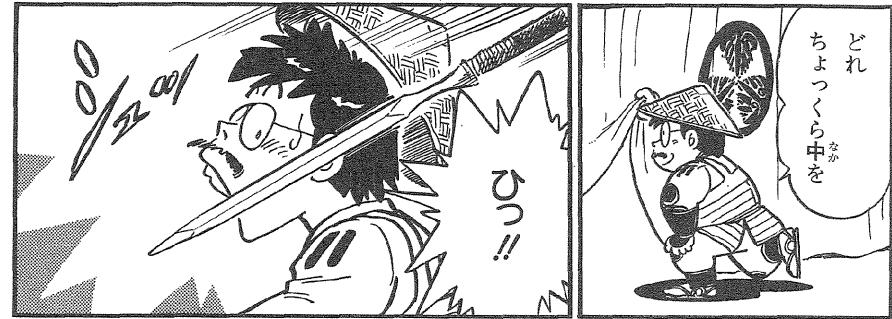
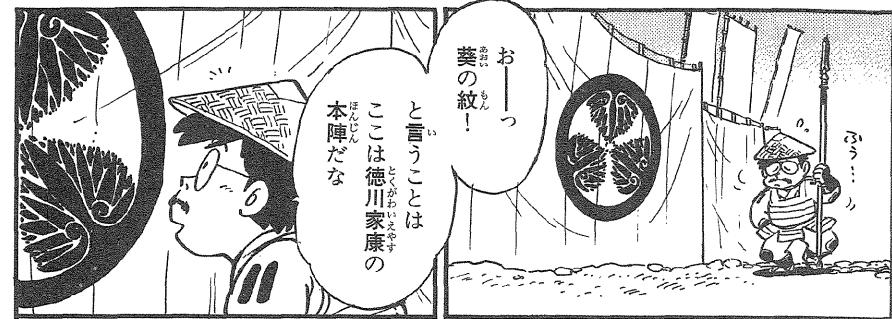
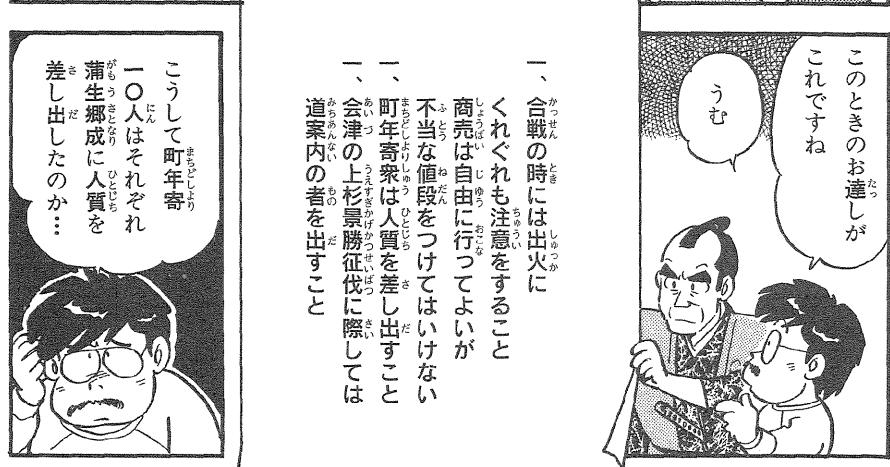
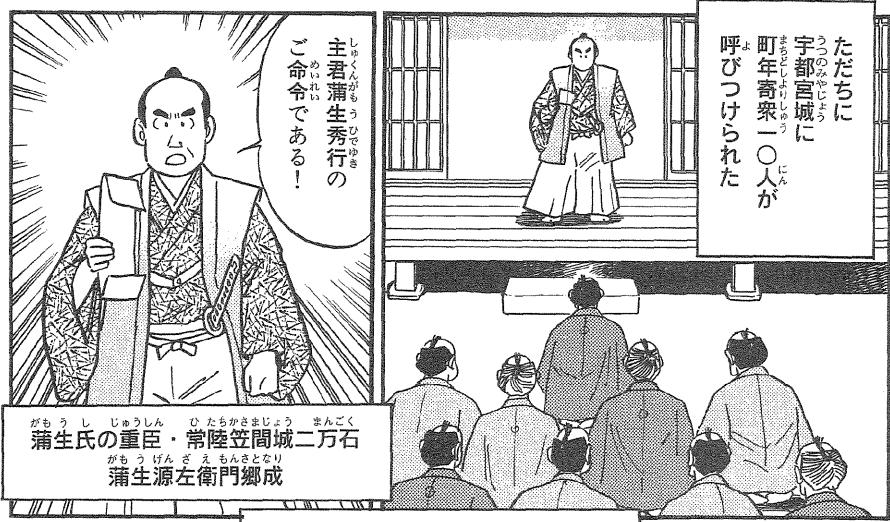
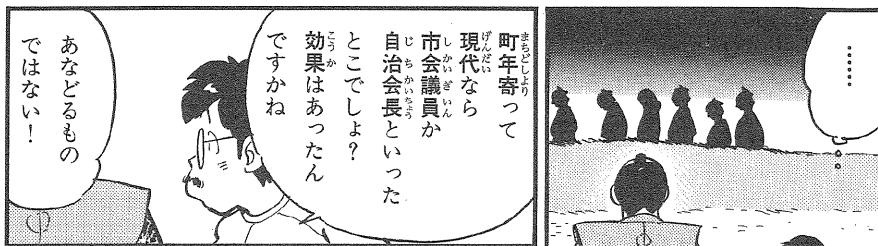
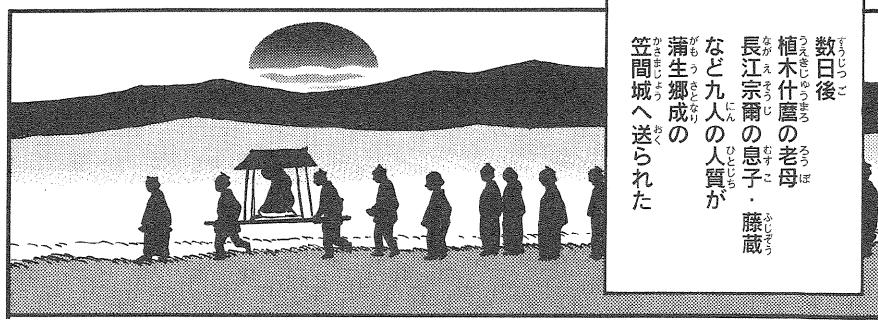


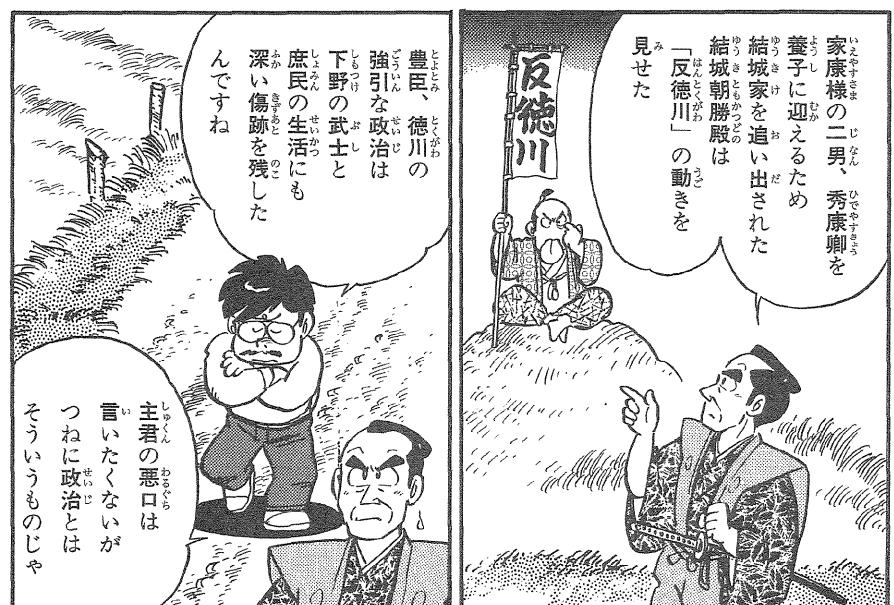
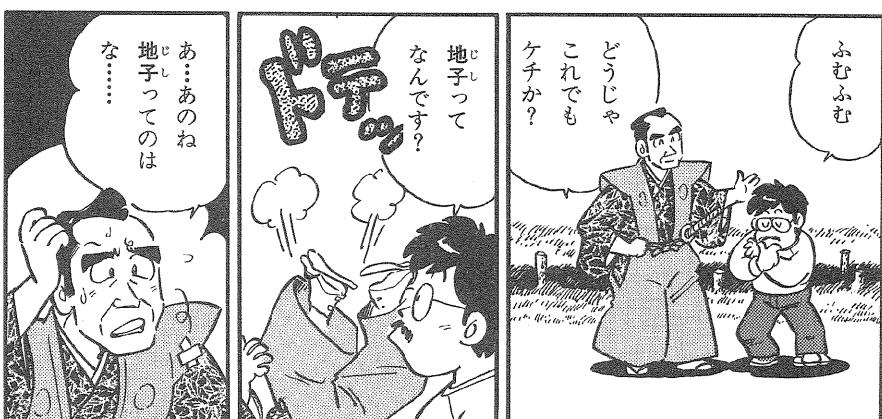
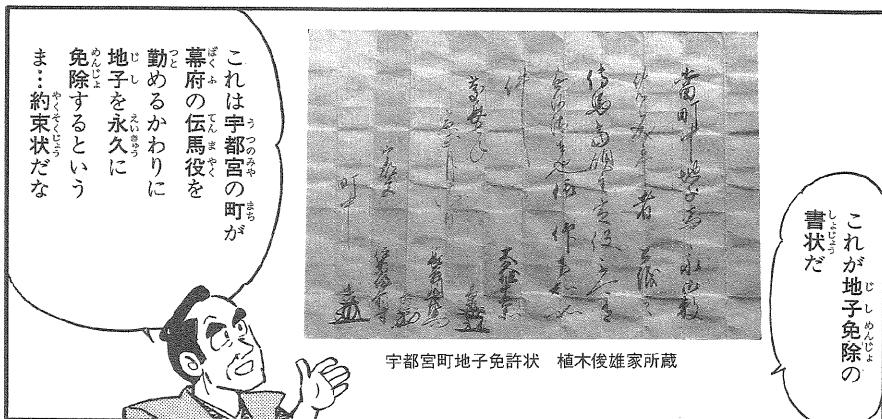
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第三章・近世

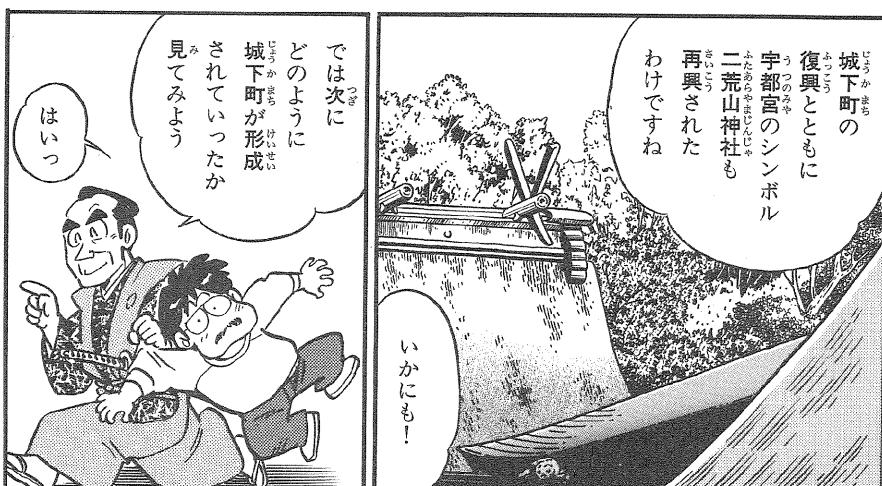
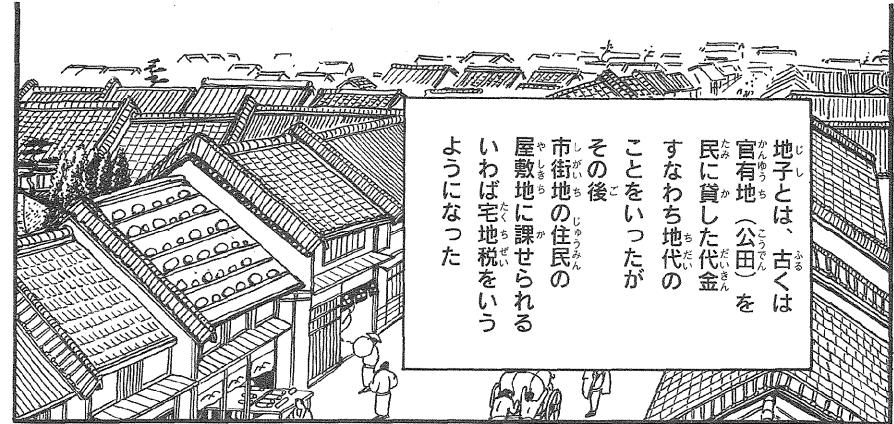


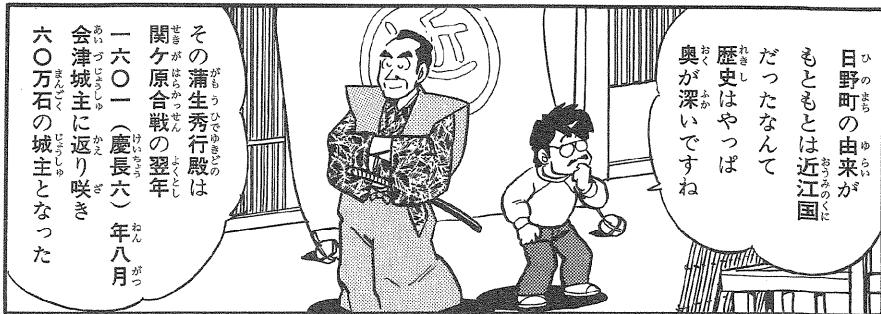










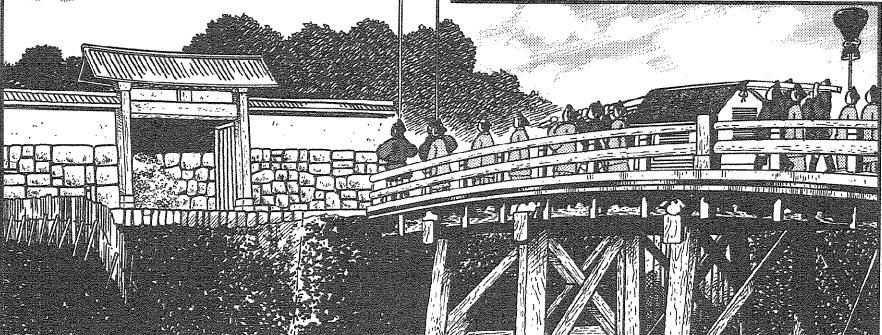
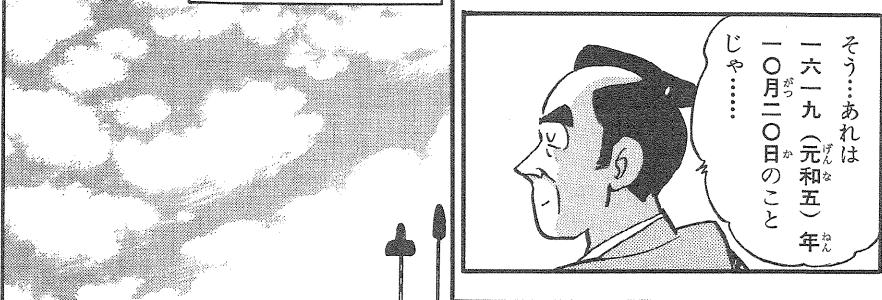


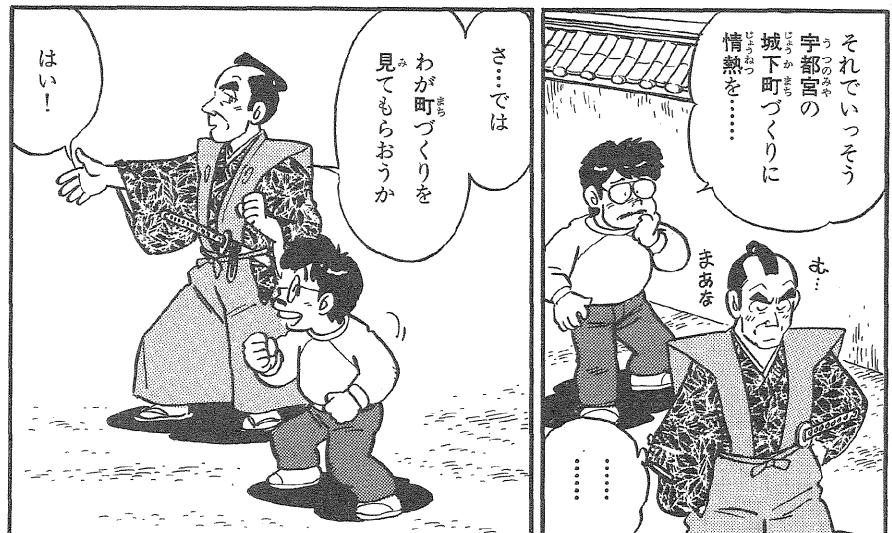
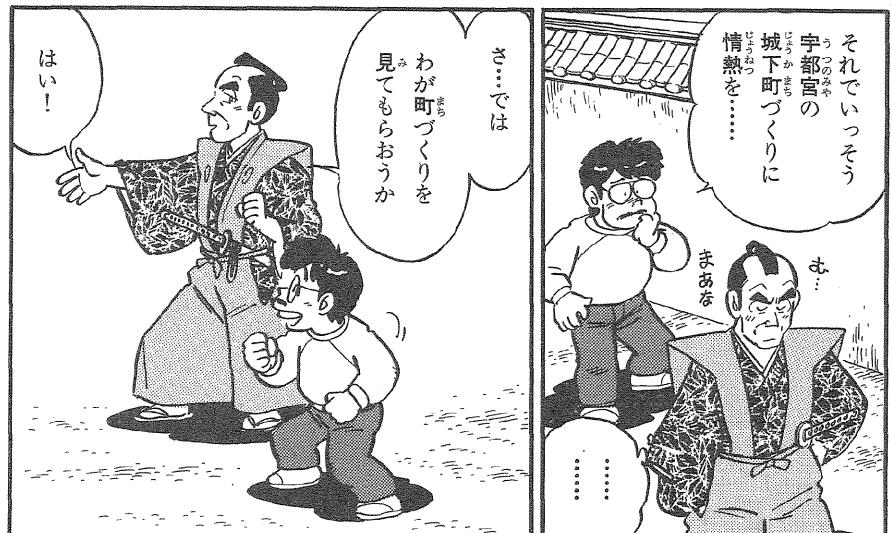
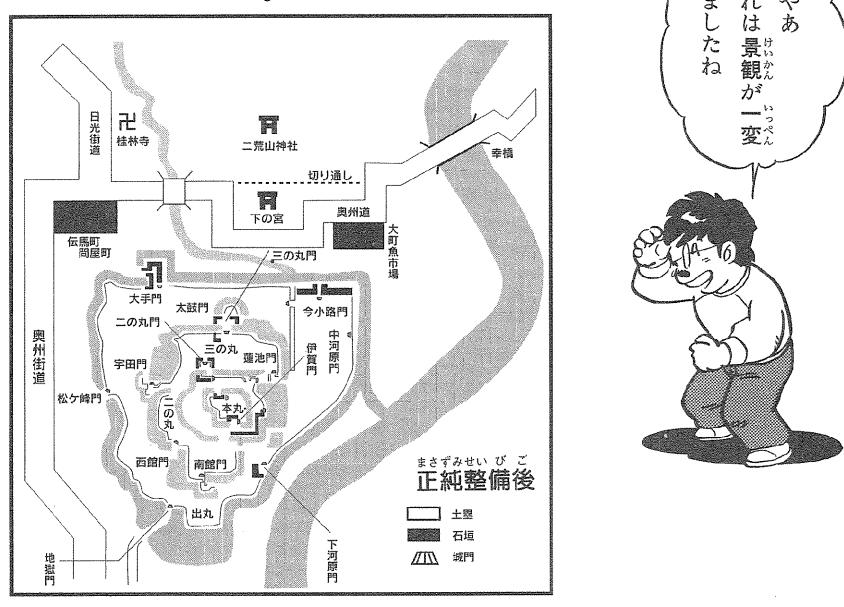
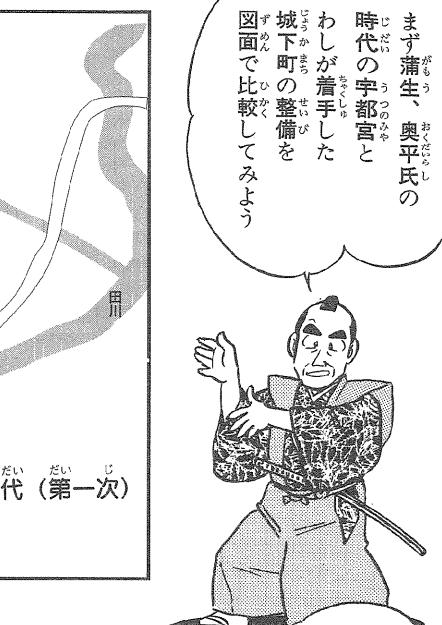
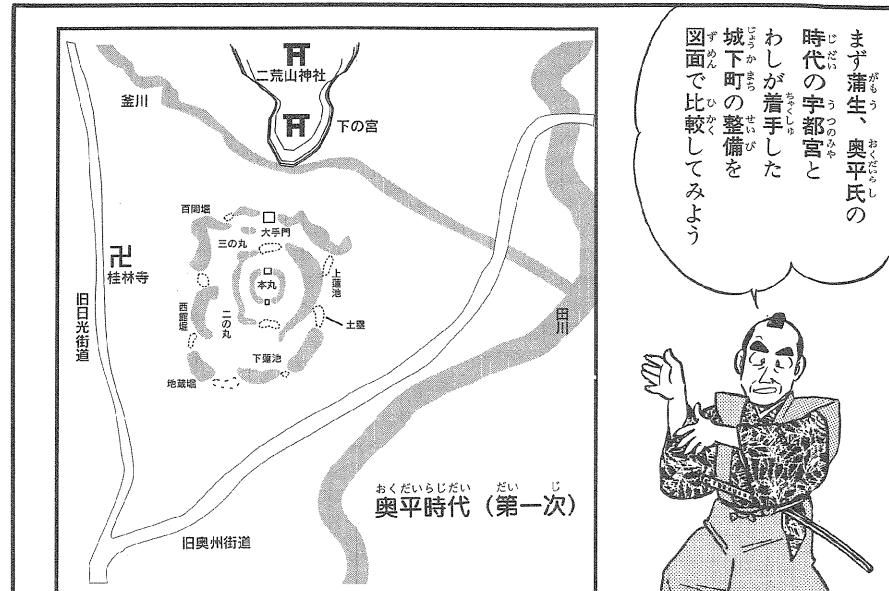
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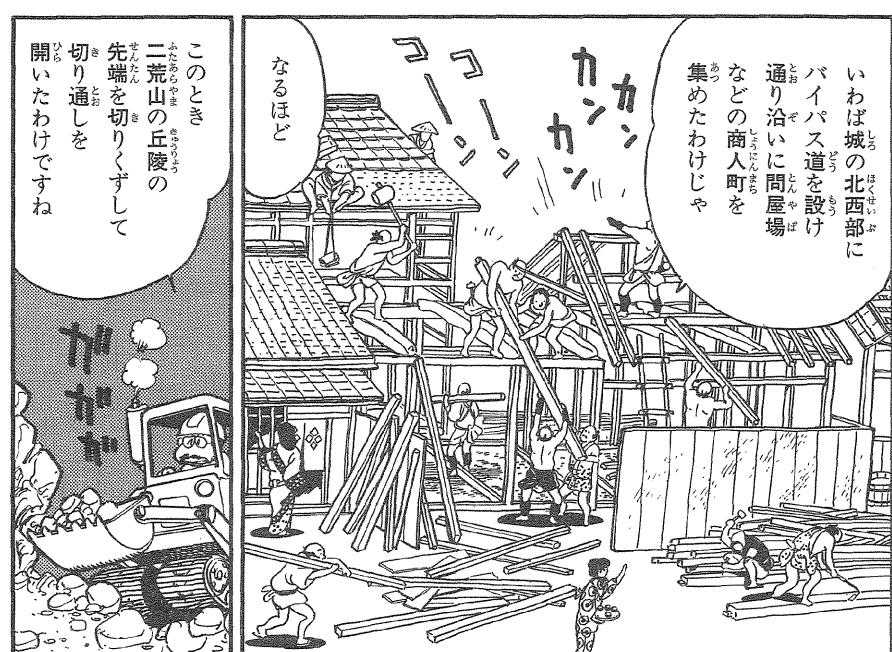
※大膳大夫…奥平家昌が将軍を通じて朝廷から与えられた官職名で、大名の格式を示す

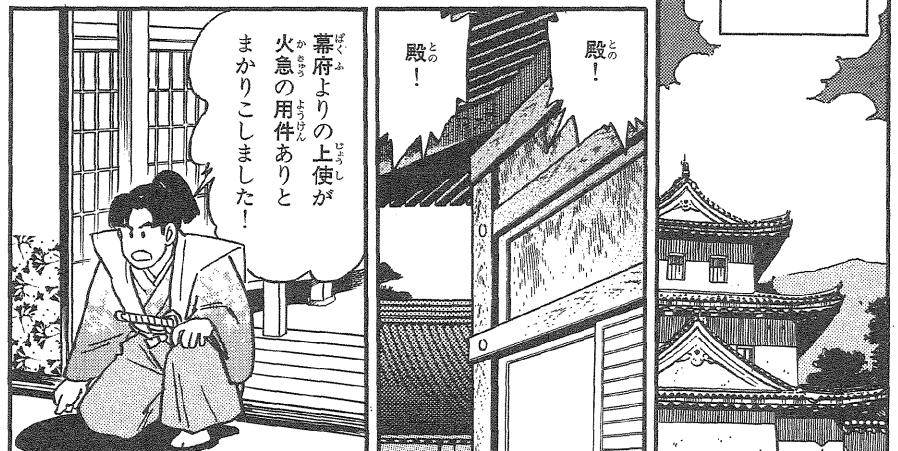
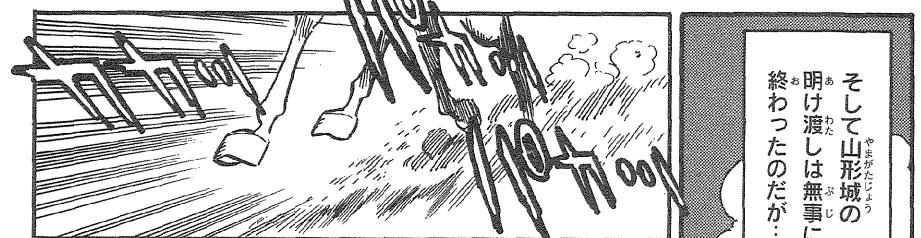
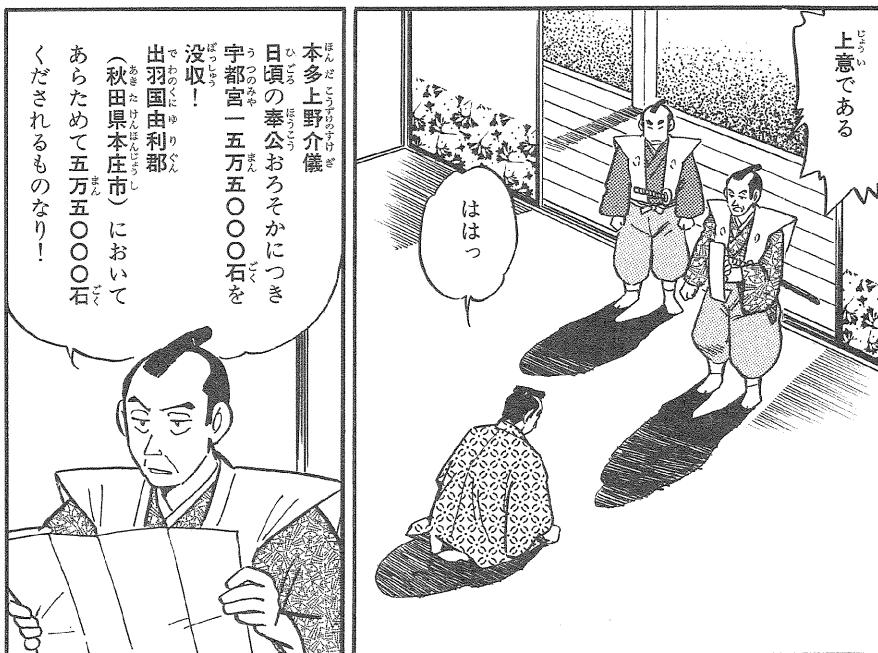


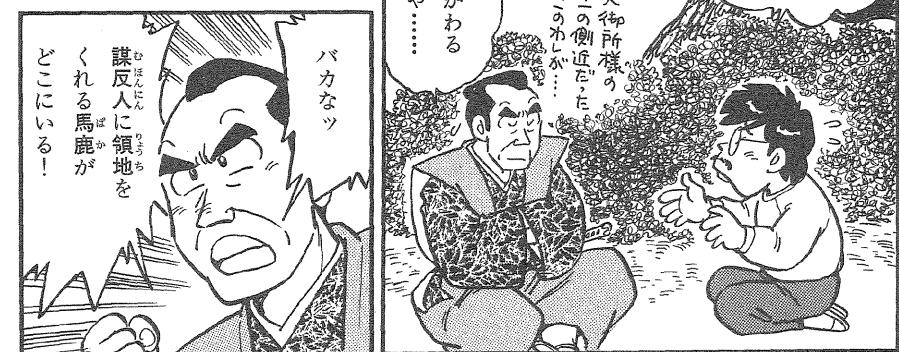
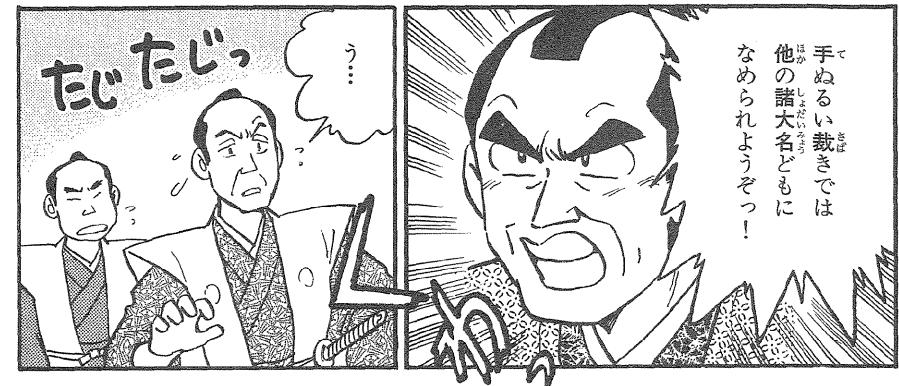
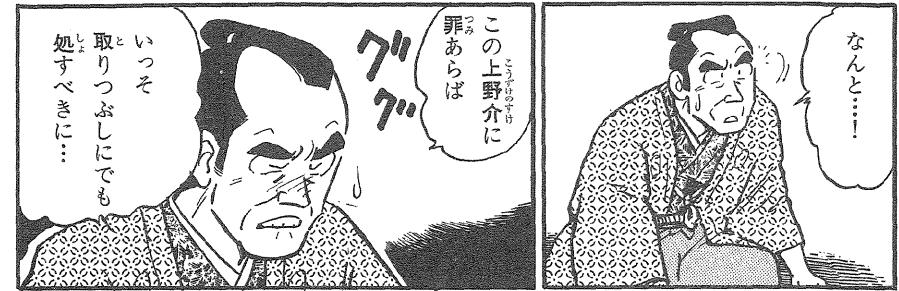
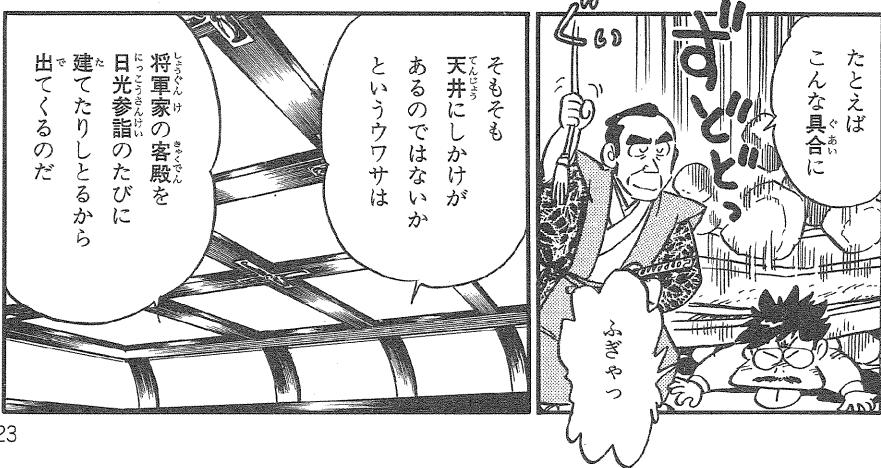
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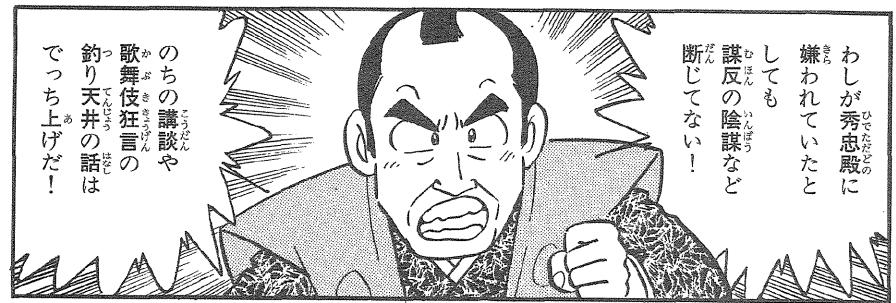
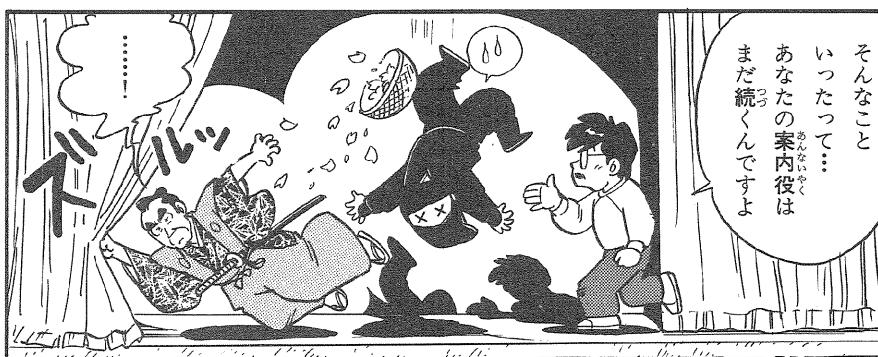
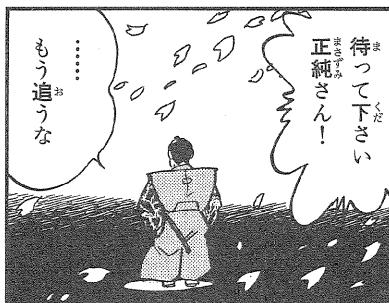
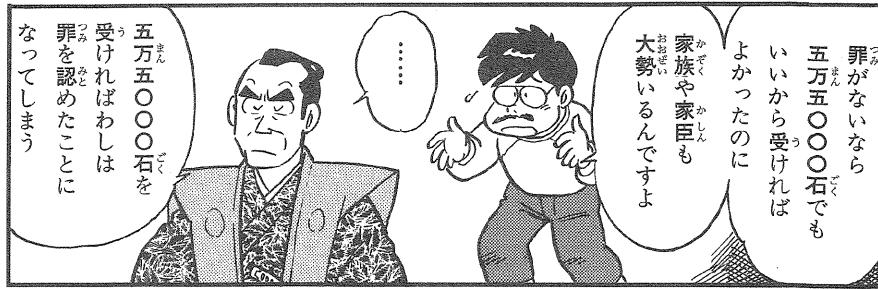






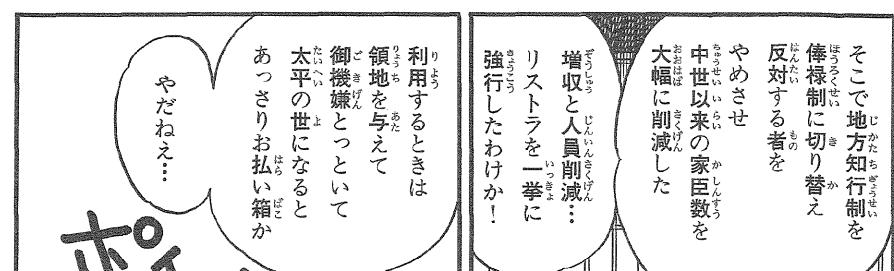


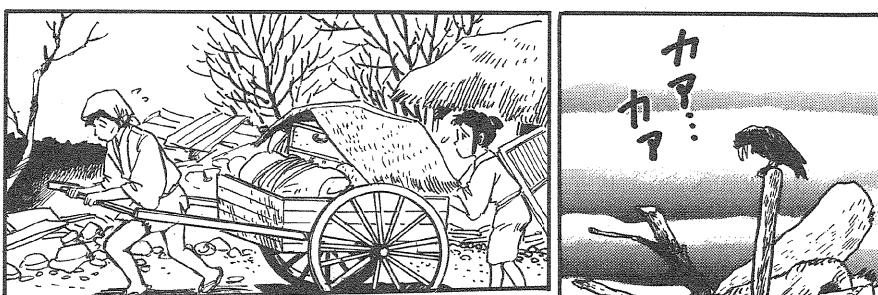
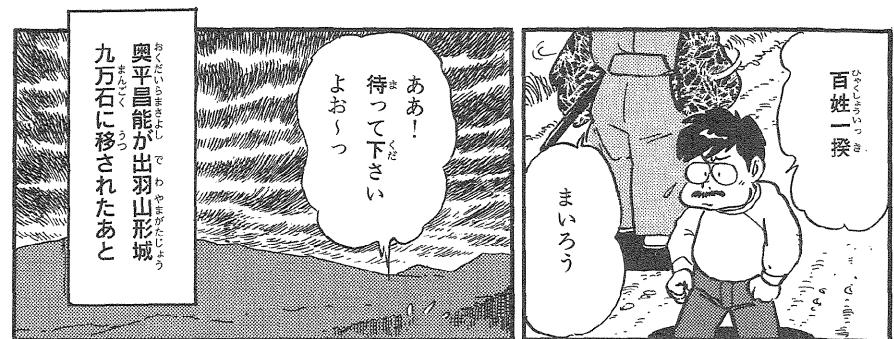


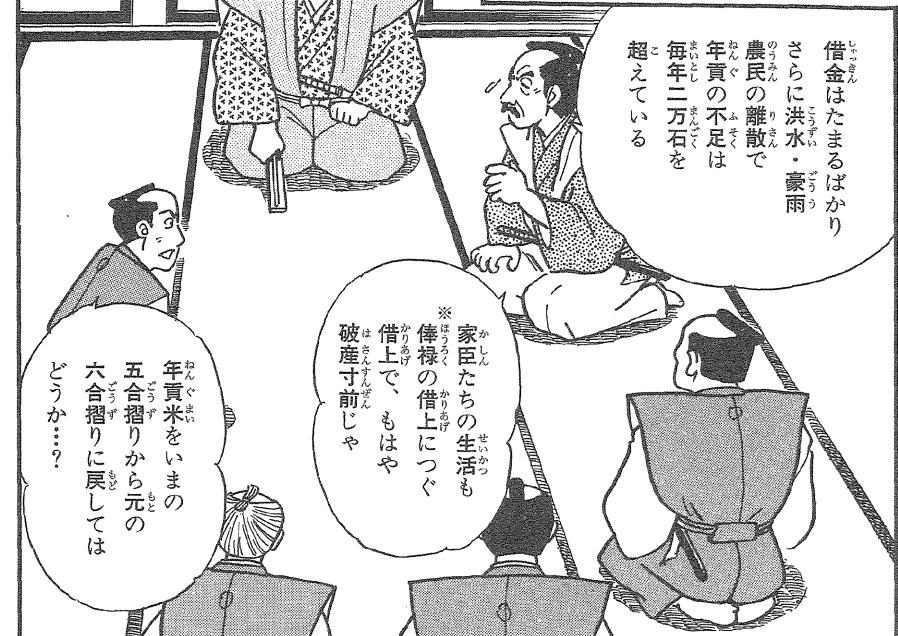


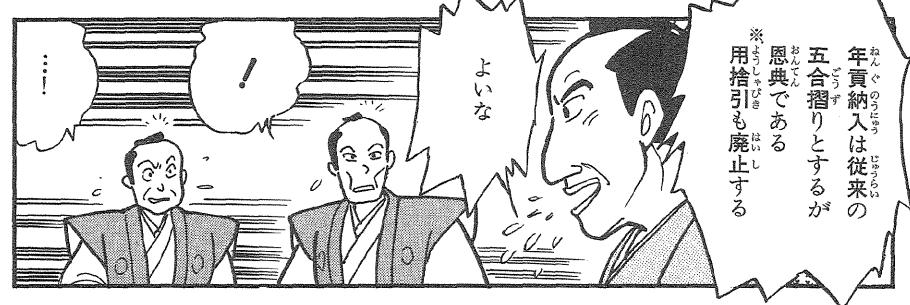
※入封…大名が自分の領地に初めて入ること



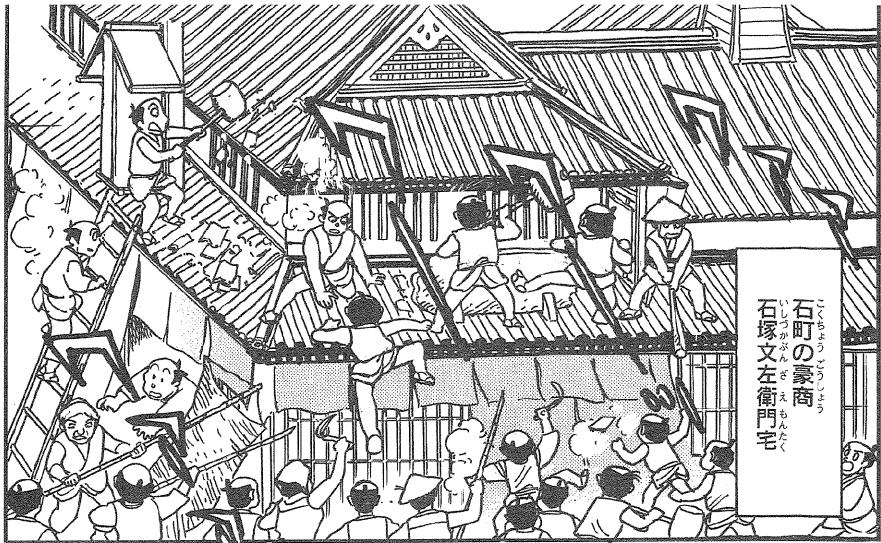




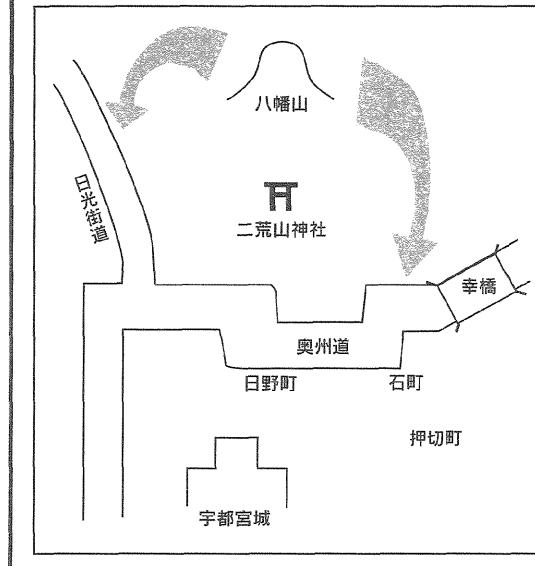




※用捨引…不作などの年に年貢を減免すること

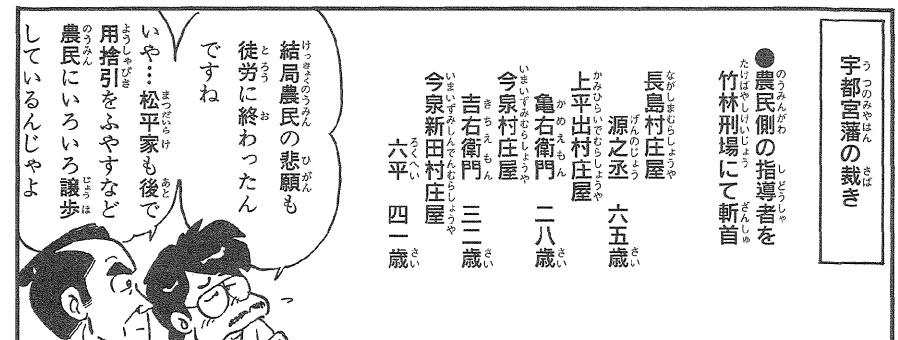


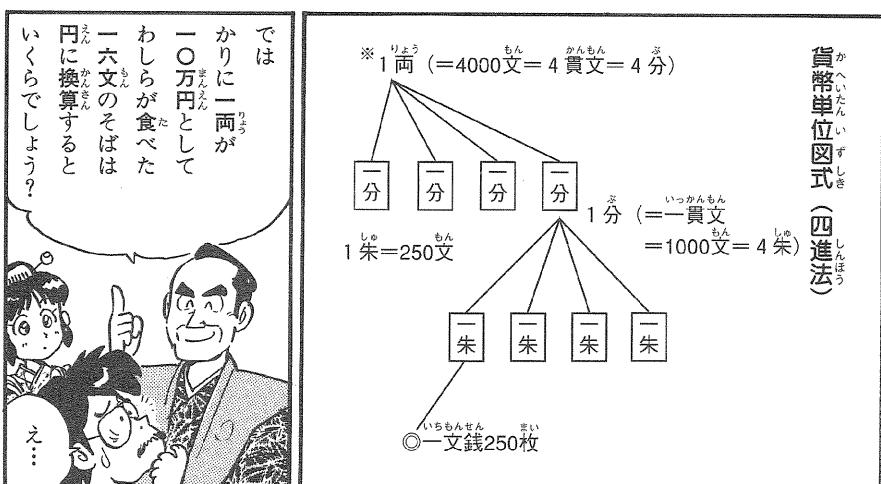
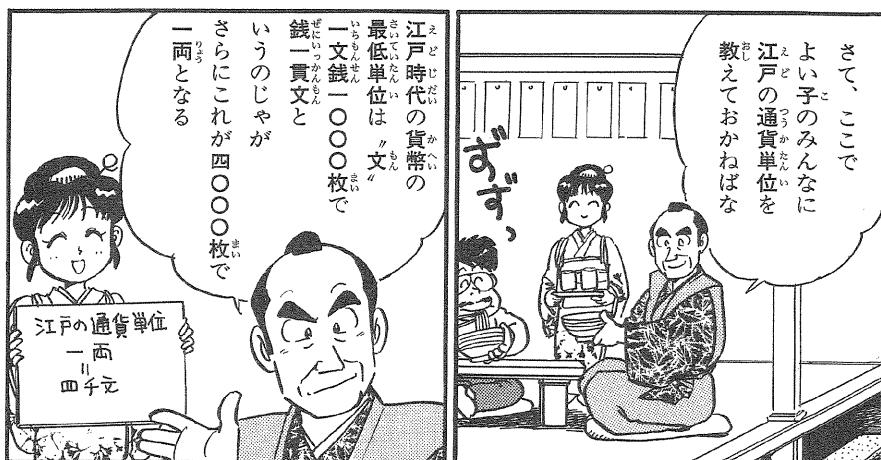
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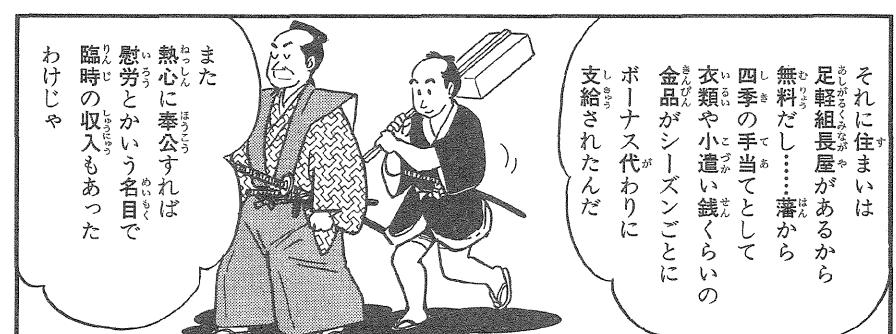
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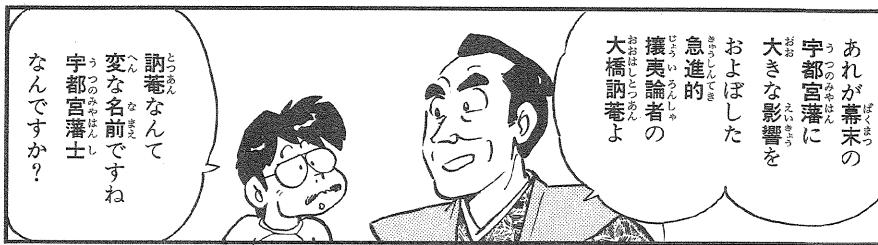
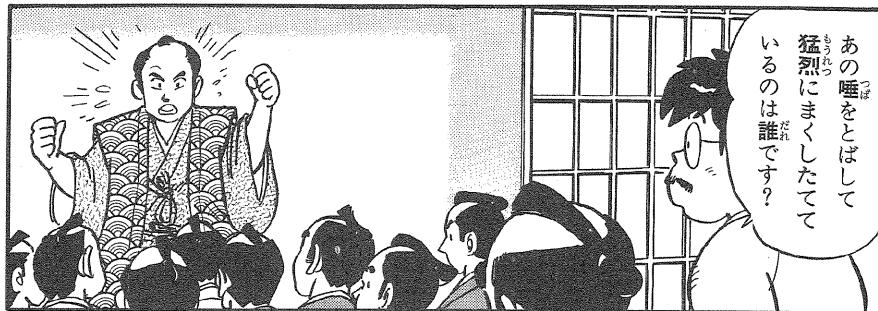






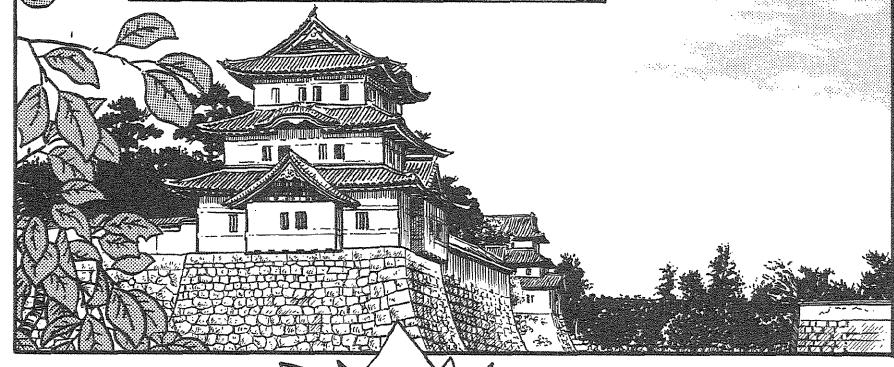
※一人扶持…主君から家臣に支給する給与の基準。一人一日玄米五合を標準とし、一年分の米または相当の金銭をいう





一八世紀も後半を迎えると
餓死者数一〇万人を出した
「天明の大飢饉」をきっかけに
諸藩で年貢軽減を求める
一揆が多発した

蝦夷地（北海道）をはじめ
日本の周辺には通商を求める
外国船が出没、ようやく幕府は
老中松平定信の「寛政の改革」
老中水野忠邦の「天保の改革」と
政治改革を試みるが
成果はあがらず
経済状態はいつそう
悪化し、幕府に対する不満は
拡大の一途をたどつた



※夷狄…野蛮な異民族。当時の攘夷論者は外国をそう見ていた

